



# SPECIALTY PHARMACIES THAT CARRY THE ENTYVIO PEN



For adult patients with moderately to severely active ulcerative colitis (UC) or Crohn's disease (CD) who are eligible to begin transitioning from intravenous (IV) to subcutaneous (SC) maintenance treatment, the ENTYVIO Pen can be ordered from any accredited specialty pharmacy (SP).

# The following SPs are preferred partners\*:

<u>AcariaHealth</u>	1-800-511-5144 (TTY 711)
<u>Accredo</u>	1-866-759-1557
CVS Caremark	1-800-378-5697
Option Care	1-844-624-4584
Optum Rx	1-800-711-4555
Walgreens Specialty Pharmacy	1-800-516-9180

<sup>\*</sup>The list of approved pharmacies is subject to change.

Let your patients know that the SP may ask them for information relevant to filling and paying for their prescription.



#### LET'S CONNECT

If you have questions about your patient's prescription and how to work with an SP in the current distribution network, reach out to your Field Access Manager. You can also connect with a Patient Support Manager at *EntyvioConnect* at 1-855-ENTYVIO (1-855-368-9846), Monday to Friday, from 8 AM to 8 PM ET (except holidays).

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

#### CONTRAINDICATIONS

ENTYVIO is contraindicated in patients who have had a known serious or severe hypersensitivity reaction to ENTYVIO or any of its excipients.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on the <u>next page</u>.



# IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

# **CONTRAINDICATIONS**

ENTYVIO is contraindicated in patients who have had a known serious or severe hypersensitivity reaction to ENTYVIO or any of its excipients.

#### WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- Infusion-Related and Hypersensitivity Reactions: Infusion-related reactions and hypersensitivity reactions including anaphylaxis, dyspnea, bronchospasm, urticaria, flushing, rash, and increased blood pressure and heart rate have been reported. These reactions may occur with the first or subsequent infusions and may vary in their time of onset from during infusion or up to several hours post-infusion. If anaphylaxis or other serious infusion-related or hypersensitivity reactions occur, discontinue administration of ENTYVIO immediately and initiate appropriate treatment.
- Infections: Patients treated with ENTYVIO are at increased risk for developing infections. Serious infections have been reported in patients treated with ENTYVIO, including anal abscess, sepsis (some fatal), tuberculosis, salmonella sepsis, Listeria meningitis, giardiasis, and cytomegaloviral colitis. ENTYVIO is not recommended in patients with active, severe infections until the infections are controlled. Consider withholding ENTYVIO in patients who develop a severe infection while on treatment with ENTYVIO. Exercise caution in patients with a history of recurring severe infections. Consider screening for tuberculosis (TB) according to the local practice.
- Progressive Multifocal Leukoencephalopathy (PML): PML, a rare and often fatal opportunistic infection of the central nervous system (CNS), has been reported with systemic immunosuppressants, including another integrin receptor antagonist. PML typically only occurs in patients who are immunocompromised. One case of PML in an ENTYVIO-treated patient with multiple contributory factors has been reported. Although unlikely, a risk of PML cannot be ruled out. Monitor patients for any new or worsening neurological signs or symptoms that may include progressive weakness on one side of the body or clumsiness of limbs, disturbance of vision, and changes in thinking, memory, and orientation leading to confusion and personality changes. If PML is suspected, withhold dosing with ENTYVIO and refer to neurologist; if confirmed, discontinue ENTYVIO dosing permanently.
- Liver Injury: There have been reports of elevations of transaminase and/or bilirubin in patients receiving ENTYVIO. ENTYVIO should be discontinued in patients with jaundice or other evidence of significant liver injury.
- Live and Oral Vaccines: Prior to initiating treatment with ENTYVIO, all patients should be brought up to date with all immunizations according to current immunization guidelines. Patients receiving ENTYVIO may receive non-live vaccines and may receive live vaccines if the benefits outweigh the risks.

#### **ADVERSE REACTIONS**

The most common adverse reactions (incidence ≥3% and ≥1% higher than placebo) were: nasopharyngitis, headache, arthralgia, nausea, pyrexia, upper respiratory tract infection, fatigue, cough, bronchitis, influenza, back pain, rash, pruritus, sinusitis, oropharyngeal pain, pain in extremities, and injection site reactions with subcutaneous administration.

#### **DRUG INTERACTIONS**

Because of the potential for increased risk of PML and other infections, avoid the concomitant use of ENTYVIO with natalizumab products and with TNF blockers. Upon initiation or discontinuation of ENTYVIO in patients treated with CYP450 substrates, monitor drug concentrations or other therapeutic parameters, and adjust the dosage of the CYP substrate as needed.

#### **INDICATIONS**

# **Adult Ulcerative Colitis (UC):**

ENTYVIO is indicated in adults for the treatment of moderately to severely active UC.

#### Adult Crohn's Disease (CD):

ENTYVIO is indicated in adults for the treatment of moderately to severely active CD.

# **DOSAGE FORMS & STRENGTHS:**

- ENTYVIO Intravenous (IV) Infusion: 300 mg vedolizumab
- ENTYVIO Subcutaneous (SC) Injection: 108 mg vedolizumab

#### Please click for Full Prescribing Information.

